Line Distance Sampling

Evolution of the Transect Methods

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Sampling Methodology

- Include desert tortoise critical habitat and ACECs
- Exclude areas ≥1,250 meters in elevation (excluding Coleogyne habitat if possible)
- Include areas ≤ 30% slope (changed to 30° in 2002 to increase area)
- Exclude non-habitat areas (i.e. playas)
- Exclude areas on private land



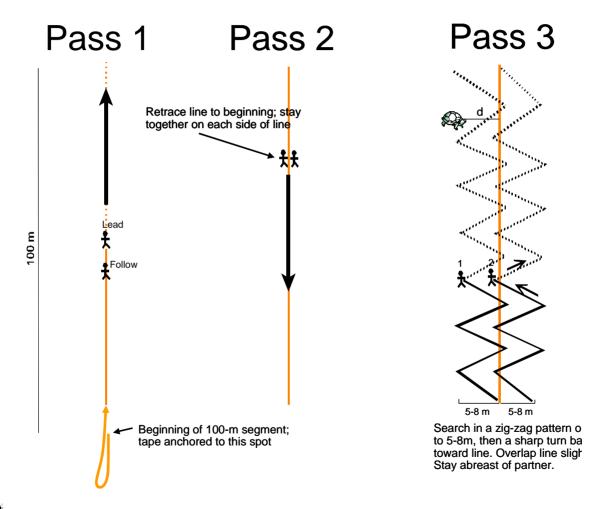
Transect Methods

- 2-person crews, transect lengths 1.6 km (2001) 4 km (2002-2003) or 12 km (2004-2005)
- Purpose of change in method was to increase sample size in the light of a decreasing budget.

The single pass method (2004-05) ~70% of the encounter rate observed with multiple passes was achieved. Although, 2-3 X the transect length was sampled = more tortoises observed.

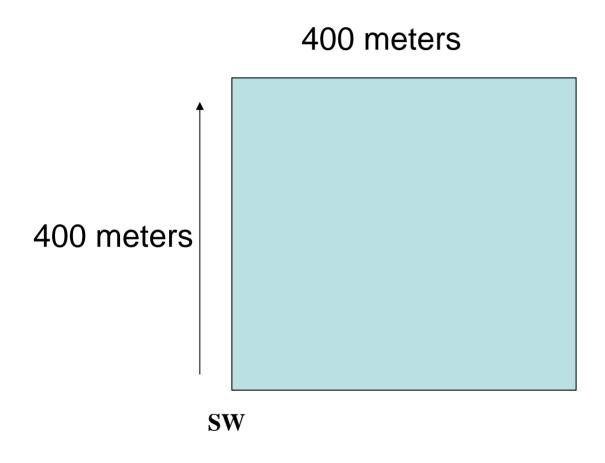


Line Distance Sampling Pattern 2001



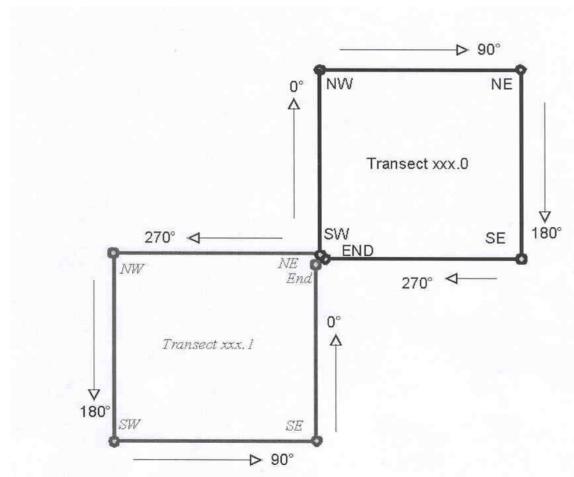


Line Distance Sampling Pattern 2001





Line Distance Sampling Pattern 2002 & 2003





Line Distance Sampling Pattern 2004-2005

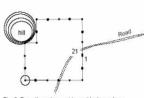


Fig. 9. Rerouting a transect to avoid a hazardous cliff area



Fig. 10. Hypothetical example from Plute Valley, Nevada. Note point 1 is about 200 m North of the road to maintain 500-m segments. Alternatively, the start could be where point 14 is on this scheme.

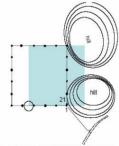


Figure 11. Shifting a transect west to avoid cliff areas.

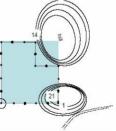


Fig. 12. Only situations where the crew feels unsafe should cause deflections. In this case, the southern hill should not be avoided just because it's a hill. Note point 14 remains on the lower slope of the hill to maintain 500-m segments.



2001-2003: transect line laid on ground 100 m at a time; zigzag search pattern



2004-2005: transect line created 'on the fly'; no zig-zag search pattern; leader and follower (double observer)





Training

- All personnel, regardless of experience trained
 - Every year
- · Lectures
- Training lines with styrofoam tortoises
 - Known positions allow detailed analysis of performance
 - Painted models mimic real tortoises



8km of training lines NE of Jean, NV

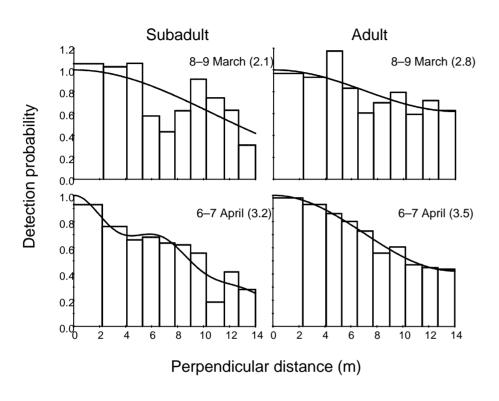


Which Are Real?



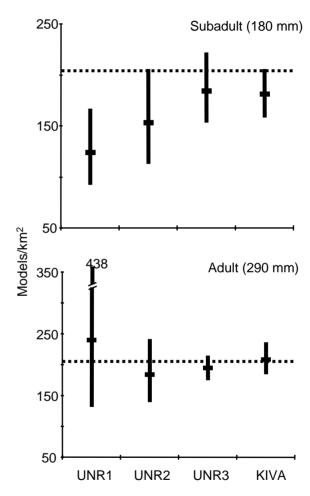


Repeat Training is Effective





- Top histograms 1st training
- Bottom histograms 3rd training



- 2005 (dashed line = truth)
 - Inexperienced (UNR), episodes 1-3
 - Experienced (KIVA)



Kilometers Sampled

~ 9,462

Year	Kilometers

2001	3,410
2002	4,178
2003	4,200
2004	7,434



2005



